MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME VIII.—NEW SERIES. MILWAUKEE, SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 27, 1851. WHOLE NUMBER 2176.

Milwaukee Daily Sentinel.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED) BY

RUFUS KING & CO.,

AT THE OFFICE

Nos 205 & 207 EAST WATER STREET,

CORNER OF WISCONSIN STREET,

IN THE SECOND, THIRD, AND FOURTH STORIES OF LIVINGSTON'S NEW BRICK BLOCK.

TERMS.

THE DAILY SENTINEL will be left at the door of City Subscribers at Fifteen Cents per week, payable Quarterly; or Ten Cents a Month; or, 12½ Cents a Week, invariably in advance.

TRI-WEEKLY SENTINEL—Three Dollars a year, invariably in advance, and the paper discontinued when the time for which it is paid expires.

WEEKLY PAPER—Two Dollars a year, invariably in advance, and the paper discontinued when the time for which it is paid expires. To CLUBS of Ten or More Subscribers, the Weekly will be sent for ONE DOLLAR A COPY.

TO OUR ADVERTISERS.

IN ORDER that there may be no misunderstanding in regard to Advertising, we have stated the rates determined upon by publishers, in our Jan. 1st, 1851:

1 square (per week)	$12 00	1 square, 2 weeks,	$2 25
1 " 3 weeks,	16 50	1 " 1 month,	3 50
1 " 2 months,	5 00	1 " 3 times,	1 38
1 " 3 "	6 00	1 " 4 "	1 25
1 " 4 "	7 00	1 " 6 days	1 00
1 " 6 months,	8 00	1 " 3 "	0 75
1 " 1 year,	15 00	1 " 1 "	0 50
1 " 2 weeks,	3 50		

Twelve lines Nonpareil or less make a square. Leaded Advertisements, "reading matter," 50 per cent in addition to the above rates.

One square, with a change once a week, $25; 2 squares, $40; 3 do. $50; 4 do. with no change every day, $20; 2 do. $30; 3 do. $40; 4 do. with four changes a week, $25; Daily Paper not charged with Semi-Weekly advertisements for it to be discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for, unless at the discretion of the Proprietors; until all arrearages are paid up.

Persons calling to examine their yearly or semi-annual advertisements, will please give notice at the Counting Room. All yearly advertisements containing their advertising here to the year's end, will be charged at the above rates.

The privilege of Annual Advertising is limited to their own immediate business, and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, or on other business, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Communications, the office of which is to promote private interests, to be paid for at the rate of 50 Cents per square for each insertion.

Notices to Subscribers—Subscribers are requested to be particular when ordering their papers changed, to state in which of the Daily and Weekly they wish the change to be made, and to what post office it is to be changed. Attention to this request will prevent mistakes.

All letters and communications must be post paid.

OFFICERS OF THE CITY.

Mayor.

GEORGE H. WALKER.

City Treasurer ..... Lucius Sumner.
City Attorney ..... Henry L. Palmer.
City Marshal ..... William Wedemeyer.
City Clerk ..... Alfred Johnson.
Police Justice ..... Clinton Walworth.

Board of Aldermen.

First Ward—James Johnson, Francis J. Jung, Samuel S. Daggett.
Second Ward—Leander Babcock, Francis Randall, Jacob Bichenich.
Third Ward—Andrew McCormick, Joseph H. Cordes, Edward Hackett.
Fourth Ward—John Pendleton, Samuel C. Weed, John H. Tweed.
Fifth Ward—Richard M. Sewell, Edward Wunderly, Geo. Dodge.

Committees of the Board.

FINANCE COMMITTEE—Dodge, H. Comstock, Cordes.
HARBOR AND CANAL COMMITTEE—Randall, Wunderly, West.
CLERK'S COMMITTEE—Johnson, Wunderly, Jung.
COMMITTEE ON POLICE—Sewell, Bichenich, Tweed.
COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT—Comstock, Sweet, Daggett.
PUBLIC COMMITTEE—Bowman, Tweed, Randall.
COMMITTEE ON LICENSES—Jung, M. Comstock, Bowman.
ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE—Johnson, Comstock, Cordes, West, Randall.
BRIDGE COMMITTEE—Bichenich, Bowman, Hackett, Jung, Bichenich.

WARD OFFICERS.

Assessors.

First Ward—Raphael Cramer, H. B. Dickerman, Matthias Stom.
Second Ward—David Knuth, C. Pfister, Thos. Drew.
Third Ward—Richard C. Owen, William A. Prentice, Charles Lee.
Fourth Ward—John Pendleton, Priam B. Hall, John E. Dore.
Fifth Ward—Michael Ecke, Henry Shew, Stoddard H. Martin.

Justices of the Peace.

First Ward ..... C. Walworth.
Second Ward ..... C. F. Bode.
Third Ward ..... L. D. Smith.
Fourth Ward ..... H. Bowen.
Fifth Ward ..... O. Parsons.

Constables.

First Ward ..... August Seifert.
Second Ward ..... C. A. Bracket.
Third Ward ..... Tobias Ilbusy.
Fourth Ward ..... J. B. Winton.
Fifth Ward ..... W. G. Farwell.

Street Inspectors.

First Ward ..... J. W. Pomlips.
Second Ward ..... Henry Supples.
Third Ward ..... Patrick Guerin.
Fourth Ward ..... J. McCollerty.
Fifth Ward ..... Isaac St. Orland.

School Commissioners.

First Ward—Joshua Hathaway, Frederick Featney, James Johnson.
Second Ward—I. A. Lapham, Daniel Hustchenan, Benjamin Church.
Third Ward—John McMannus, Rufus King, Edward Mickeroy.
Fourth Ward—Edward D. Holton, James H. Rogers, Hiram von Poorhis.
Fifth Ward—Daniel Wells, Charles H. Larkin, Jeremiah B. Zander.

Fire Department.

Chief Engineer ..... John S. Fillmore.
First Assistant ..... L. N. Ivory.
Second Assistant ..... Duncan C. Reed.
Third Assistant ..... D. N. Belknap.

BUSINESS CARDS.

RANDALL & GRISWOLD,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, and Solicitors and Counsellors in Chancery. Office in Lindington's Brick Block.

J. RANDALL, S. W. GRISWOLD.

Nov. 25.

CHARLES A. HAMILTON,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR at Law, (late of the City of New York,) Kirby's Block, 2d Story, Entrance on Wisconsin street.

EMMONS & VAN DYKE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office 200 East Water street, corner of Wisconsin street (see Martin's Block).

aug2 JOHN H. VAN DYKE

SIDNEY L. McGREGOR.

McGREGOR & TENNEY,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS at Law. Office on Wisconsin street, next door west of the Post Office. mar18

BROWN & OGDEN,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office on Wisconsin street, over the Post Office. April 29.

C. GRAMMER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR at Law, Phœnix Building, (up stairs) corner of East Water and Michigan sts. [1852-2

MYRON H. ORTON'S

Law Office, 217 Knoblauch's Block, East Water street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. dec9

WRIGHT & STARKWEATHER,

ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS AND COUNSELLORS, 177½ East Water street. [sep 15

WM. H. WRIGHT. JOHN C. STARKWEATHER.

JOHN J. ORTON'S

LAW OFFICE, Money Loaned, Collections and Investments made. Cash paid for City Orders. Fire, Marine and Life Insurance. 217 Knoblauch's Block, East Water street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

CHARLES F. JENKINS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office on Third street, near the Water Power, West side of the river, next door south of the Mansion House. dec9

RYAN & LORD,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office, No. 171 East Water street. dec9

AUSTIN & DUNN,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS at Law, Real Estate Agents, Notaries Public, &c. Office in Martin's Arcade Building, Milwaukee. jan28 E. DAVIS DUNN.

JOHN G. TOWNSEND,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Room 24 Kirby's Block, East Water street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jan15

CHARLES SHIELEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Room 24 Kirby's New Brick Block, corner of Wisconsin and East Water sts. apr10

MERRICK & SPEEVER,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office 217 Knoblauch's Block, East Water street. HENRY L. MERRICK. MILFORD SPEEVER.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

By BUTLER, SMITH & CO., corner of East Water street and Washington Avenue. nov7

CITY HOTEL,

By PEASE & MADDOX, corner of East Water and Mason Sts. jy25

TUTTON & SERCOMB,

EAGLE SIGN PAINTERS, West Water street, Milwaukee.

DR. T. TEMPLEMAN van der HOEVEN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, 211 East Water street. ap10

MARSHALL & HASLEY,

BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, 131 U. S. Block, East Water street, Milwaukee.

MATTHEW C. DREW,

SURVEYOR AND ENGINEER, has opened an office in Exchange Block, Michigan street, upstairs. apr16-1y

JOHN GREGORY,

CIVIL ENGINEER, SURVEYOR, and Author of several Works relating to Engineering, Surveying, &c., Law Buildings, Milwaukee.

ENGRAVING & COPPERPLATE PRINTING,

BY P. OSBIN & CO.,

Wisconsin street, the General Stage Office

WYMAN & SEATON,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW—Office over Store No. 200 East Water street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

RYAN & BRIGHAM,

ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS AND COUNSELLORS, Will practice in the Courts of this State.

P. O. RYAN. D. WOLCOTT H. BRIGHAM

STOW & BRIGHAM,

ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS AND COUNSELLORS, Will practice in the Courts of the U. States.

ALEXANDER W. STOW. JEROME H. BRIGHAM.

OFFICES:

Arcade Building, No. 171 East Water Street, room MILWAUKEE.

RICHARDS & LEWIS,

ATTORNEYS, COUNSELLORS, AND SOLICITORS, No 1, Knoblauch's Block, 219 East water street, Milwaukee.

BENJ. R. RICHARDS. ARTHUR LEWIS.

☞ Mr. Lewis is an English *Barrister*. oct 18

LOCKSMITH AND BELL HANGING.

E. SCHUMACHER,

Manufacturer of every variety of Bank, Jail, Store, and Warehouse Locks. All kinds of Repairing done, and warranted to suit. BELL HANGING done in the best possible manner.

J. M. BONESTEEL,

NOW IN FULL TIDE OF OPERATION!

Corner of East Water and Michigan Streets.

WALTON & COBB

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Corner of South Water and Reed streets, Walker's Point, Milwaukee.

THROOP & BAILEY,

HAT, CAP AND FUR MANUFACTURERS,

MUFFS BUFFALO ROBES, OVERSHOES,

Mittens, Gloves, Canes, Umbrellas, Silk Handkerchiefs and Gravats.

☞ Hats and Caps made to order on short notice.

ALL ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Cash paid for Furs and Skins.

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East Water street, mr27-1y Milwaukee.

H. J. GOFF,

CONFECTIONER,

AND

MANUFACTURER of CANDIES

OF ALL KINDS, AND DEALER IN

Toys, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, and Willow Ware,

ALSO,

Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Dates and Nuts, of all kinds, Sardines, Lobsters, Pickled Oysters, Lunch Biscuits, Cheese, &c., at wholesale and retail.

No. 193 East Water street, 3 doors south of Wisconsin st., MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

GENTLEMEN

CLOTHING STORE.

H. FRIEND & BROTHERS,

No. 170 EAST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.

THE undersigned have removed their large and extensive Stock of Clothing, to the large and commodious Brick Store,

No. 170 East Water Street.

Among their stock may be found a full and complete assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c. &c.,

Comprising the latest styles in Market.

☞ Orders promptly filled, and work warranted to suit.

The public are invited to call and examine.

may6 H. FRIEND & BROTHERS.

HENRY MILLER,

CONFECTIONER,

—No. 150,—

EAST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.

DEALER IN

Fruits, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins, Figs,

Nuts, Cigars, Pickles, Sardines, Pickled Oysters, &c.

CONFECTIONERY BY THE BOX.

Cordial Distiller, and Importer of Champagne Wine, Lemon, Sarsaparilla, and Strawberry Syrups. Also Cakes, Ice Cream and Soda Water. Importer of French, German, and American Toys.

☞ Orders from the Country particularly attended to.

SEA & SHERMAN,

Auction & Commission Merchants

AND

MANUFACTURER'S AGENTS,

No. 100 East Water St.,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

Will Purchase, or make Liberal Advances,

ON MERCHANDIZE;

New and Second Hand Furniture,

OR OTHER PROPERTY.

Sales every Day at 10 A. M. and Evening.

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REFERENCES:

Sexton, Wing & Co., Milwaukie.	Brown & Larkin.
J. B. Goodrich, Agent M. C. R. R. Co.	Wait & Sherman, N. York.
Sherman & Topping.	Hon. J. H. Cross.
Wells & Hill, Forwarders.	Hon. J. A. Bryan.
	C. R. Dahlin, Waukesha. aug15

CITY LEATHER STORE

AND

Tannery.

G. PFISTER & CO.,

No. 215 EAST WATER STREET,

Five Doors North of Ludington's Corner Store,

Have constantly on hand a superior article of

SOLE, UPPER, HARNESS, BRIDLE AND COLLAR LEATHER,

All of their own manufacture. Also a good assortment of Eastern

Sole Leather, French and Philadelphia Calf Skins,

And a variety of

SHEEPSKINS & FINDINGS.

☞ The highest price, in Cash, paid for Hides, Calf and Sheep Skins, and Wool, at their Store, and at the CITY TANNERY, on the Menomonee River, Walker's Point. April 6.

MAHLER & WENDT,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

LIQUORS, WINES,

SEGARS AND TEAS,

No. 63 EAST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.

They will also receive orders to be filled by Messrs. SCHUYLER & GERMAN, New York, (Custom-House Agents), sent under the Custom House Seal, directly to the purchaser, and accompanied by the Custom House Certificate of Importation.

☞ Old Rectified Whiskey by the single, or one hundred barrels. ap27

I. B. DECKER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MANUFACTURER & DEALER IN SADDLES

HARNESS, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, WHIPS, &c.

And keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Whips and Lashes, at wholesale and retail.

Saddlery Hardware at wholesale or retail, Cheap as the cheapest.

☞ Please give me a call at No. 178 East Water street. Milwaukee, Feb. 22, 1851.

1851. 1851.

No. 211 EAST WATER STREET,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his old customers, and the people of Wisconsin, that he has on hand the best and most complete assortment of

Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Whips,

TRUNKS, &c.,

Ever offered in the State, which will be sold wholesale or retail, at the lowest cash prices.

Give him a call, and you will find all articles in the line custom made and warranted.

Having a complete assortment of CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS, he is prepared to do Trimming and Repairing, on short notice and in the best manner.

je10 G. DYER.

NELSON SOGGS,

Steam Boiler Manufacturer.

MACHINERY, SHIP & BLACKSMITH Work made to order.

IRON RAILING OF VARIOUS STYLES.

All kinds of Repairing done at short notice.

Shop on Chicago street, between E. Water and Main.

All orders promptly attended to. feb1

MILWAUKEE

COMMERCIAL AND ENGLISH

SCHOOL.

NORTH CORNER OF MICHIGAN & MAIN STREETS,

Entrance in Main.

Prof. C. F. LARIGO, Principal.

F. M. LARIGO, Assistant.

Milwaukee, Feb. 3.

I. R. GOODFELLOW,

Watchmaker and Jeweller,

FORMERLY AT GARDNER'S.

HAVING taken the window at Hood's Store, 16 East Water Street, would respectfully invite the a having Watches or Jewelry to repair, to give him a call. All work entrusted to his care, will be attended to with fidelity and despatch. oct30-1y

Ornamental Wood Carving!

ALL VARIETIES and styles of Ornamental Wood Carving, for public or private buildings and every description of patterns for Castings, made to order by the subscriber on reasonable terms, and at short notice.

J. GOMMLY,

Nov. 25th-6md At J. F. BINGHAM'S, No. 29 Spring st.

VENETIAN MILL—10 bbls English, this day receiving and for sale by BOSWORTH & SONS.

HARDWARE STORES.

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

HARDWARE.

FOR THE

FALL TRADE OF

1851. 1851.

At the New Hardware Store, West side of the River.

A. K. WILLIAMS,

SIGN OF THE MILL SAW,

25 SPRING STREET, MILWAUKEE.

FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE

AMERICAN HOUSE,

HAS just received and now opening, a full and general assortment of

Hardware, Cutlery, Iron, Nails, Steel, Glass, &c. &c.

Which he will sell at WHOLESALE and RETAIL, at the lowest Cash prices.

Persons wishing to purchase, would do well to call and examine his stock before buying elsewhere. Among which may be found

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

Locks, Latches, Butts, and every variety of House Trimmings.

CUTLERY.

Table, Pocket, & Butcher Knives, Razors, Scissors & Shears.

CARPENTERS' TOOLS.

Planes, Saws, Chisels, Augurs, Drawing Knives, Axes, Adzes and Hammers.

COOPERS' TOOLS.

Knives, Jointers, Hoops, Truss Hoops, &c. &c.

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS.

Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Screw Plates, &c. &c.

FILES.

Hand and Mill Saw, Flat, 3 Round, Round and Square, Flat and Cabinet, and Wood Rasps and Files.

IRON.

A general assortment of American, English and Swedes.

AXES.

Simmons, Davis, Miles, Whites, Hunt's and Collins.

Also, Steels, Spades, Hoes, Coil, and Three Chains, Paint Mills, Cotton or Sashes, Pumps, and a general assortment of Tinmens' Enamelled Ware.

MILWAUKEE

1851. 1851.

STOVE STORE.

H. K. EDGERTON & Co.,

No. 105 EAST WATER STREET,

MILWAUKEE,

ARE now receiving a new supply of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found:

300 Genuine Pierce's California Air Tight, with Fire Brick Oven.

200 Queen of the West.

200 King of the Prairie.

250 Iron-Witch Air-Tight, which may be used with or without an extra upper oven.

The "Extra Air-Tight," Prism Air-Tight; Niagara Air Tight, and several others.

2000 New Premiums, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6. Two different patterns.

Timners' Tools and Machines,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

EAGLE BRAND BERLIN—a very superior article, which we sell in full sets, or simply.

POT ASH KETTLES, CAULDRON KETTLES; THREE AND FIVE PAIL KETTLES.

Fireplace Hollow Ware; "Mack's Patent Furnaces; Coffee Roasters; Waffle Irons.

5,000 DOLLARS WORTH OF

READY MADE TIN WARE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Painted Canisters, Pails, Sprinkling Pots; Plunge Baths; Foot Baths; Sitz Baths; Liquor Pumps.

TINNERS' STOCK.

Bolt, Bolt's and Sheathing Copper; Tin Plate; Sheet Iron; Pig Tin; Pig Lead; Sheet Lead; Sheet Zinc; Spelter. my31

STOVES

FOR THE

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE.

W. H. BYRON & CO.

ARE now receiving a very large stock of Stoves, to supply the Fall and Winter demand, consisting of

COOKING STOVES,

Among which are

New World, Western Monarch, Gladiator, Premium, AND OTHER DESIRABLE PATTERNS.

With a complete assortment of utensils made of the best stock. Also,

PARLOR, HALL, AND BOX STOVES,

Of all sizes and Patterns.

All the above will be sold at Lower Prices than they have ever yet been offered, having been purchased under the most advantageous circumstances.

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 153 East Water Street.

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STOVES!

C. ARNOLD & CO.,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE STOVE,

No. 297 THIRD STREET, IN WHITNALL'S BLOCK,

ON THE WEST SIDE OF THE RIVER,

HAVE on hand one of the largest stock of Stoves in the market, consisting of the best Albany Premium, of all sizes and patterns.

The New World, Gladiator, Forest,

And other Air-Tight Stoves, of the most approved patterns, furnished from our own shops, and workmanship warranted.

Stove delivered to any part of the city, and set up ready for use free of charge.

All kinds of TIN, COPPER and SHEET IRON WARE, manufactured to order, and always ready for sale, wholesale or retail, as low as the lowest.

EAVE TROUGH, ROOFING, and all kinds of JOBBING done in the best style, and invariably warranted.

HARDWARE.

We also keep a general assortment of Hardware, consisting of all kinds of Farming Implements, Scythes, Cradles, Hoes, Forks, &c. &c.

Coy cutters and Coopers' Tools, and a full assortment of Heavy and Shelf Hardware. jy22

W. COVERT'S

FIRE-KING SAFE.

FIRE PROOF AND FREE FROM DAMPNESS.

J. M. B. DAVIDSON, Manufacturer,

ALBANY, N. Y.

E. CORNING & CO., Agents.

THIS SAFE received the highest Premium, a Silver Medal, at the fair of the New York State Agricultural Society, which was held at Albany, September 1850.

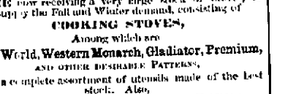
E. CORNING & CO. are also Agents for Fire and Thief Proof Bank and Vault Doors, orders for which can be filled at all times at factory prices.

These Safes are offered to the Public with the assurance, that they are precisely as represented, Fire Proof and Free from Dampness. If Dampness should exist, the Safes are to be returned, subject to it, we will duplicate, and promptly pay expenses to and from purchaser.

J. M. B. DAVIDSON.

Orders filled at manufacturers prices adding transportation fees, by WELLS & HILL, Agents,

je9-y21 At the Yellow Warehouse.



THE SUBSCRIBERS having been appointed Agents for the sale of the Celebrated

SCALES,

Manufactured by

DURYEE, FORSYTH & Co.,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.,

Offer for sale—Platform Scales to weigh

5000 to 20000 pounds.

Warehouse Scales; Wheat or Hopper Scales, and Counter Scales; and are prepared to receive orders for Railroad Wheat and Railroad Truck Scales; all of which will Buy, Depot, and Railroad Scales; all of which will be warranted accurate, and to give perfect satisfaction; if by warranted accurate, and to give perfect satisfaction; if it is found so, all expense will be paid by the subscribers.

This make of Scales is warranted fully equal to Fairbanks' in every respect, and is in fact the only Scale that's built in every respect, and is in fact the only Scale that's built in every competition with them.

We think it distinctly understood, that we are prepared, and will make good, every assertion made relative to the sale of Duryee, Forsyth & Co., as we are aware great efforts are made by Agents of other manufacturers to disparage them.

HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

Milwaukee, Jan. 11,—1y

HOTELS.

MILWAUKEE HOUSE.

Corner of Main-Street and Washington Avenue, A few doors East of the U. S. Hotel.

RUSSELL WHEELER, Proprietor.

CHARLES SKINNER, Manager.

Formerly of the American, of this city, and late of the Milwaukee House.

THE above well known and long established House has been refitted, enlarged and improved throughout, and newly furnished with new Furniture of the best variety and other conveniences have been supplied to make it a FIRST CLASS HOTEL, and it is the determination of the Proprietor to have it kept in the best possible manner.

The long experience of Mr. Sawyer amply qualifies him to make this House in all respects what it should be.

Plenty of Barn and Stable room, and good Hay and Oats on hand.

All our old friends and customers, and the public in general, are invited to call.

Carriages and Buggies always in readiness to convey passengers to and from the boats and cars.

R. WHEELER, Proprietor.

CHARLES SKINNER, Manager.

Milwaukee, Wis., September 1, 1851. sep8

RAIL ROAD

TEMPERANCE HOUSE,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

BY WILLIAM A. HAWKINS.

Mr. H. begs leave to inform his numerous patrons, that he has recently changed the name of his Hotel, known heretofore as the Lake House, to that of the

RAILROAD TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

☞ An elegant OMNIBUS, from the best eastern models, has been recently obtained, expressly for this House, which will run regularly to all the Steamboats; also, on the arrival of the Cars from the west.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

BY P. KANE & SONS.

On Spring street, three doors from West Water street.

THIS HOTEL is large and commodious, very conveniently located for business men and travellers, and with ample accommodation for teams, &c. No pains or expense will be spared by the new Proprietors to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage the American has heretofore enjoyed.

CITY HOTEL.

MR. CHARLES H. MATHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased an interest and associated himself with Mr. R Peasy, in the above named Hotel, and trusts, from his long experience in the business, to merit a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to the House. He pledges himself that no exertion on his part shall be wanted to make "The City" fully equal to any House in the West.

Milwaukee, Sept. 23, 1851.—sep24 2md.

FORWARDERS.

1851. 1851.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS!

At the Red Warehouse Milw'kee.

BROWN & LARKIN,

Produce, Storage, Forwarding,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

THE undersigned, having this day entered into a copartnership under the firm of BROWN & LARKIN, in the Red Warehouse at the East of East Water street, near Walker's Point Bridge, would announce to their numerous friends and customers, that they are now doubly prepared to serve them promptly and efficiently, in every branch of their business.

Particular attention will be given to PURCHASING and SHIPPING WHEAT and other Produce for dealers on the market; also to Storing Wheat for Merchants and Farmers on the most favorable terms.

The business of Receiving and Forwarding Merchandize for New York and others, in the city and country, is particularly solicited, to which careful and prompt attention will at all times be given.

In disposing of Property entrusted to us to be sold on Commission, our efforts will be to obtain the best price in the market, and make quick and accurate returns for the same.

WM. BROWN, formerly of Albany.

CHARLES H. LARKIN.

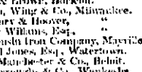
Milwaukee, July 15, 1851.

References:

Alexander Mitchell, Esq., of Milwaukee.	
George H. Walker, Esq., "	
James Kneeland, Esq., "	
Tibbits, Gordon & Co., Madison.	
Jackman & Smith, Janesville.	
Wheelock & Rossland, Hartford.	
Sewall Smith, Lost Prop.	
Cook & Fraser, Harlem.	
Sexton, Wing & Co., Milwaukee.	
Medbury & Hoover, "	
Berry Williams, Esq., "	
Wisconsin Iron Company, Mayville.	
Daniel Jones, Esq., Watertown.	
J. C. Manchester & Co., Beloit.	
N. Burroughs & Co., Waukesha.	
D. W. Clark, Esq., Pottsville.	

And to our Customers generally.

1851. 1851.



WILLIAMS & CO.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

(LATE M'CLURE AND WILLIAMS,)

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

☞ Liberal Cash Advances made on Property in Store.

1851. 1851.

WHITNEY & CO.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

TRANSPORTERS ON FOX RIVER,

Foot of Main street, Green Bay, Wisconsin.

☞ Mark Packages "Care of Whitney & Co., Green Bay."

D. S. WHITNEY. feb17-6m JESSICA WHITNEY.

1851.

1851.

DOUSMAN & CO.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSIO

MERCHANTS,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

AGENTS FOR THE

Troy and Western Line.

Merchants' Transportation Co.

New York, Indiana & Toledo Line.

FREIGHT ON HAND,

Water Lime, Whiskey, Salt, Flour, Dried Apples, &c. &c.

1851 UNION TRANSPORTATION CO. 1851

RUNNING IN CONNECTION WITH

Reed's Various Lines of Steamboats on the Lakes, and Canal Lines

ON THE ERIE EXTENSION CANAL.

Proprietors and Agents:

B. A. ROOT & Co., 112 Pier, Albany.

DAVIS & SUTTON, sole Agents for Reed's Steamboats, Reed's Warehouse, Buffalo.

A. G. MORGAN, Buffalo.

C. M. REED, Erie.

H. L. FISH, Rochester.

B. H. WOLCOTT, 127 Broad street, New York.

☞ Mark Packages U. T. Co.

Ship Daily, by Swiftsure Tow Boats, foot of Broad street.

WM. BROWN, Agent, Milwaukee.

1851. 1851.

AT MY

Mammoth Pier & Red Warehouse

ON THE LAKE,

AND

New Warehouse opposite the Railroad Depot, ON THE RIVER,

I am on hand as usual, night and day, to do the

FORWARDING, STORAGE & COMMISSION BUSINESS,

OF MERCHANTS, MILLERS AND OTHERS,

At rates to correspond with the times,

And to contract to Freight Goods, Wares, Merchandize and Produce, from or to New York or Boston, by this city, at the lowest rates, in the very responsible Lines, and to advance Cash on Produce or Property, to be sold in this or any Eastern market.

Milwaukee, April 8. L. J. HIGBY.

1851. 1851.

WEBB & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AT THE BLUE WAREHOUSE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Property in Store. Also Agents for the Troy and Erie Line of Canal Boats and Propellers. mar18

INSURANCE OFFICES.

Mutual Life Insurance Company

OF

NEW YORK.

ACCUMULATED FUND $1,000,430.62!

THIS Company has an accumulated fund of $1,000,430 62 invested on Bonds and Mortgages in the cities of New York and Brooklyn, and the Stocks of the State and City of New York, and of the United States.

STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JANUARY 31, 1850.

Net Assets January 31, 1849, ...	$712,673 14	
Net Receipts in 1849, ...	476,149 39	
Loss paid in 1849, ...	$173,014 75	
Old disbursements do	45,408 18	
		$1,218,822 53
	218,422 91	
Net Assets Jan. 31, 1850, ...		$1,000,430 62

Whole number of Policies paid in 1849, ... 1,755
Whole number of outstanding Policies, ... 5,799

The Premium is paid in Cash annually, or may, if desired, be paid semi-annually, or quarterly, by adding interest to the deferred payments. The CASH principle adopted by this Company, secures to the parties for whose protection loss or profit may be effected, the WHOLE of the benefits, with all risk arising from the heavy drawback of accumulated premium notes.

Persons may effect insurance upon their lives, on upon the lives of others. Married women can insure the lives of their husbands, for THEIR OWN BENEFIT and for the protection of their children.

Pamphlets explanatory of the principles of Life Insurance, an illustrative of its advantages, may be had, with form of application, and rates of premium, at the office of the Company, No. 35 Wall street, or from any of its Agents.

JOSEPH B. COLLINS, President.

ISAAC ABBOTT, Sec'y.

ELLIS WORTHINGTON, Agent, East Water street, Milwaukee.

Feb. 27.

GENERAL

INSURANCE AGENCY.

NO. 6, MARTIN'S BLOCK.

C. J. Cary,----------Agent.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO., of Utica, Capital, $150,000
MECHANICS' INS. CO., of Rochester, N. Y. 150,000
MOHAWK VALLEY INSURANCE CO., of Utica, 300,000
FARMERS' FIRE INSURANCE CO., of Utica, 150,000
NEW YORK UNION INSURANCE CO., 150,000
MONTGOMERY MUTUAL INS. CO., 2,000,000
U. S. LIFE INSURANCE CO., of Philadelphia,
EMPIRE STATE HEALTH ASSOCIATION, of Rome, N. Y.

☞ Application for Insurance in the above companies respectfully solicited. Policies issued and losses promptly adjusted at this office.

Milwaukee, Sept. 23-1yd.

Hartford Fire Insurance Company

HARTFORD, CONN.

INCORPORATED IN 1810.—CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Capital 150,000 Dollars, with power of increasing it to 250,000 Dollars.

THIS long established and well known Institution, has been engaged in the Insurance business for more than thirty seven years, throughout the United States and the British North American Provinces. It has aimed to secure public confidence, by an honorable and faithful fulfillment of all contracts; and property and property are assured to at all fair claims for loss under its policies, will be liberally adjusted and promptly paid.

Risks taken on every description of of insurable property on as favorable terms, by

ELLIS WORTHINGTON, Agent, jan4 179 East Water street.

Protection Fire and Marine

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

CONCINCES to insure against loss or damage by Fire, on buildings, mills, Furniture, Goods, or Vessels in Port, Merchandize or Produce in Store, &c. Also, on Merchandise and Produce upon Inland navigation.

DIRECTORS:

W. W. Ellsworth,	R. W. Greene,
Isabel W. Clark,	Willis Thrall,
Chas. L. Northam,	Edmund G. Howe,
Wm. Kellogg,	Ellery Hills,
Jno. Beach,	A. G. Hazard,
Jno. n Warburton,	William A. Ward,
Thos. Belknap,	Ezra Strong.
Lyman Humphrey,	

DANIEL W. CLARK, President.

WILLIAM CONNOR, Secretary.

ELLIS WORTHINGTON, Agent, Milwaukee, Jan. 4. 179 East Water street.

WISCONSIN

Marine and Fire Insurance Co.

THIS Company continues to effect Insurance both Marine and Fire department, on liberal terms. They also receive money on deposite, and transact other moneyed operations, in which, by their Charter, they are authorized to engage.

Special rates of interest allowed on sums deposited for stated periods.

Exchange on the principal cities of the Union to be had at low rates.

Remittances made to any part of Great Britain and Ireland. A. MITCHELL, Secretary.

North Western Insurance Co.

OF OSWEGO, N. Y.

THIS Institution, chartered by the Legislature of New York in 1853, has established an Agency in Milwaukee, and is R insure upon merchandize, produce, vessels, and property generally, against Fire and Marine Loss, at moderate rates. This Company has done a large business in the Western New York and along the Lakes, and has a ready and available Capital and surplus invested for use in any exigency. All losses will be promptly and liberally settled by the Company, they having never had a lawsuit to compel the adjustment of any claim.

WM. J. WHALING, Agent, my21 Office in Dickerman's Block.

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance.

N. Y. Life Insurance & Trust Co.,

WALL STREET, N. Y.

CAPITAL, $1,000,000.

The Orleans Fire & Marine Insurance Co.,

ALBION, N. Y.

CAPITAL, $125,000.

JOHN J. ORTON, Agent, sept 1 Knoblauch's Block.

TOLEDO

Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

THIS Company is prepared to take Hull and Cargo risks on Steam and S

VOLUME VII. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL. NEW SERIES.

Milwaukee Daily Sentinel.

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 27, 1851.

Rufus King, Wm. H. Watson & John. S. Fillmore, PROPRIETORS.

UNDER THE NAME AND FIRM OF

RUFUS KING & CO.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Our brief rejoinder to the *Commercial's* paragraph about the *Prometheus* affair, calls forth a half-column of angry invective and reckless ratification from our mild-tempered, civil-spoken and truth-loving contemporary. As fair specimens of its accuracy and amiability, we copy two of the *facts* by which it endeavors in support of its general charge that our national honor is in very bad keeping:

Why, during the Cuban invasion, our steamers passing and repassing from Chagres to New York became the common targets for the Spanish artillerists to *practice at!*

The news of almost every arrival from the Gulf was accompanied with the remark—and it got to be quite common-place by constant use—that the steamer was fired into by the Spanish War Steamer, or the Corvette, or what not, &c.

Nearly every red-coated gunner in the Royal Navy has had his innocent pop, with a *thirty-two*, at some American Merchant Ship, bringing to our shores, perhaps, a thousand returning citizens of the republic, and millions in gold dust from the California mines.

These are made out fabrications, truly! FALSTAFF'S celebrated manufacture of "eleven men in buckram" and "four misbegotten knaves in Kendall green," out of Prince Hal and Poins, sinks into insignificance compared with the *Commercial's* Herculean achievement. Having nothing but the "raw material" of the firing at the *Hebron*, by a Spanish War Steamer, and at the *Prometheus*, by an English brig, to work upon, the *Commercial*, by a marvelous exercise of fancy, magnifies and multiplies these two instances into an indefinite number of outrages. According to this veracious chronicler, "our steamers between New York and Chagres became common targets for Spanish artillerists to practice at," and "nearly *every* red-coated gunner in the Royal Navy (there are some *ten thousand* of them!) has had his innocent pop, with a *thirty-two*, at some American Merchant ship!" It would be superfluous to reply to arguments, or assertions based upon such notoriously false premises. They carry their contradiction on their face. Say, they destroy what little vitality the *Commercial's* philippic might otherwise have had since its own readers will conclude that it resorts to these falsehoods only because the facts are too much for it. When the author of a calumnious charge is driven, at the first fire, from specifications to general allusions, and offers bold assertion for tangible proof, the accusation defeats itself, and only returns to plague the inventor."

THE MAILS.

Still no mails from New York, later than the 11th inst, up to yesterday morning. *Fifteen days* from New York to Milwaukee is "piling up the agony" rather too high for these railroad times.—We have been trying to invent excuses for these repeated and continual failures and delays, but there *are* no valid excuses. *Reasons* there are, plenty as blackberries—and here is a statement of one of them, clipped from the Cleveland *Herald*:

Post Office, }
CLEVELAND, Dec. 19, 1851. }

The New York Mail for this city, the West and South-west, arriving daily at Dunkirk, via N. Y. & Erie R. R., *since Saturday evening last* has been detained at that point for the want of proper facilities to deli er them at Fredonia, on the route of the Ohio Stage Co., from Buffalo to Cleveland.

Immediately on receipt of this information, last evening, I ordered the despatch of three tons of mails, at any own expense, from Dunkirk to Fredonia. These e ach loads are on the way and will reach here to morrow (Saturday) morning. If the Post master at Dunkirk does his duty by forwarding the mails immediately on arrival at Dunkirk, to Fredonia, the Ohio Stage Company are ready to give them despatch westward, until the completion of the Lake Shore Rail Road.

DANL. M. HASKELL, P. M.

Now, reader of ours, how far do you think that Fredonia is from Dunkirk, that the Postmaster at the latter place could not send them on, but delayed them *six days*? Why, *just three miles*!—Command is ominously spare upon such miserable mismanagement.

However, it is consoling to know that the mails of the 13th are were to be in Cleveland on the 20th. As the Cleveland papers of the 19th have reached us at last, we may fairly expect to get a mail from the Atlantic states today, or tomorrow.

The extracts from Kossuth's speech, and various interesting news, there is which we give today, are from New York and Boston papers from the 15th to the 17th inclusive, for which we are indebted to our friend HENRY L. NORTH, Esq., who arrived yesterday morning, leaving the mails 7 days over the same route. He has truly proved himself a friend in time of need.

Gen. Wood Movement.

A meeting of the Democracy to nominate Gen. John E. Wool for the Presidency, was held at Troy N. Y. on the 12th, an I was well attended. Mayor Warren presided. Resolutions nominating Gen. Wool were adopted, and it was resolved to issue an address to the country in his favor. The Troy *Whig* says Gen. Viele in the course of his remarks expressed to the other Democratic candidates proposed, and gave it his opinion that in the State, with Van Buren they would be beaten by 50,000, with Cass, 100,000 that Marcy *stood not the ghost of a chance*, and that Gen Wool was the only name for which there was any prospect."

It will be seen that Gen. VIELE, who is a very prominent and active democrat in Troy, entertains a very different opinion of Gov. MARCY'S popularity in the Empire State, from that expressed by our neighbor of the *Wisconsin*.

LOSS OF THE MAYFLOWER.—A passenger on the *Mayflower* furnishes the Cleveland *Plaindealer* with full particulars of her wreck. It seems that she had but a light freight, and only 20 passengers aboard, and no woman among them. It is said that a small portion of her mail was lost. The Detroit papers of the 20th, express a hope that this notable steamer may be got afloat again, but the chances are that she will prove a total loss.

ACCIDENT FROM FIRE-ARMS.—The Chicago papers of Wednesday, state that Mr. GIBBS, mate of the Schooner *Telegraph*, was accidentally shot by a young man in the store of J. P. KNOTT, whither Gibbs had gone to buy a pair of boots. While examining the boots, GIBBS drew a pistol from his pocket and handed it to the clerk to look at, and while in his hands, it was accidentally discharged. The ball penetrated GIBBS' lungs and, it is feared, inflicted a mortal wound.

☞ The steamer *Empire State* left Cleveland on the 11th, and arrived safe the next day at Blackrock, being unable to get into Buffalo harbor.

The propeller *Oneida* has been unloaded, and got off. She was safe at Fairport, having suffered but little loss.

Two schooners, the *Speedwell* and *Isabella*, belonging in Cleveland, are missing.

☞ The will of the late Joseph W. Dodsworth has been submitted to two of the best jurisconsults of Paris, who have unanimously pronounced an unreserved opinion in favor of the validity of the will, and also express an unequivocal opinion against the suits brought by the States of Maryland and Louisiana. This is of the first moment in this important case, as the suits to test the validity of the testament must be decided according to the civil law.

THE ARTICLES.—Mr. G. J. ADAMS, with a portion of his company, is delighting the good people of Fond du Lac and vicinity, with a series of Theatrical representations. Mr. LANGSTON, with another division, is playing to good houses at Janesville, and intends next week, to go to Madison for a short season.

"AN ILL WIND, &c."—By the death of the King of Hanover, the British Government saves £21,000 a year, that sum having been paid to him as a pension.

Doings of Congress—Mr. Walker's Speech.

In the Senate, in the 15th, Mr. Shields introduced a resolution to appoint a Committee to wait upon Kossuth, and introduce him to the Senate.

Mr. Walker, of Wis., spoke in favor of the resolution. He welcomed Kossuth on his principles, and al o because he saw in this occasion the indipendent step towards a departure from our present unwise policy of neutrality. He had long desired to see the policy of the neutrality of our government overthrown. The weakness which induced the neutrality policy of Washington no longer existed. To prevent interference by European nations to put down struggling liberty, or any other violation of national law, he would be in favor of the interruption of international law. He would be in favor of the interposition of this government, not by its moral, but its physical power. He was in favor of not only telling Kossuth he has the best wishes of the United States, but should have our material aid. He was now in favor of telling all the nations of Europe that when any people should struggle for freedom, they must keep their hands off, and that declaration he would maintain good by all the power of government.

The resolution passed, Ayes 30, Nays 15. The nays were the following:

S. A. Bayard, Del; Isaac Borland, Ark; A. P. Cutler, S. C; J. Clemens, Ala; W. C. Dawson, Ga; R. M. T. Hunter, Va; J. D. Jones, Tenn; W. R. King, Ala; J. M. Mason, Va; J. Morton, Fla; T. G. Pratt, Md; W. K. Sebastian, Ark; P. Spruance, Del; J. R. Underwood, Ky, W. Upham, Vt.

All southern men but one—5 locos, 7 whigs. On the same day, in the House, the Senate's first resolution of welcome passed by Ayes 181, nays 16—the following being the nays:

J. Abercrombie, Ala; T. H. Alcott, Va; J. Bragg, Ala; A. G. Brown, Miss; J. P. Caldwell, N. C; J. C. Harris, Tenn; A. R. Holliday, Va; J. Johnson, Ga; G. W. Jones, Tenn; F. S. Martin, N. Y; J. T. Morehead, Ky; C. J. Y. Sawyer, Tenn; R. Scurry, Texas; A. H. Stephens, Ga; C. H. Williams, Tenn; J. A. Woodward, S. C.

All southern men but one—11 locos, 5 whigs. Mr. Smith, of Alabama, attempted to palliate his conduct in moving the arrest of Kossuth, but only made matters worse, and the subject was dropped in disgust.

Mr. Fitch, (dem.) of Indiana, asked leave to offer a preamble and resolution to the following effect:—

On July 3d, 1848, the House avowed that the then existing war with Mexico was unconstitutionally begun. The said expression is a stigma on the memory of the dead, and a reproach to the living, and has no foundation in fact, but is the act only of the then majority in Congress, and not the opinion of the American people. Mr. F. asked the unanimous consent of the House to introduce the resolution.

Mr. Stephens, (whig,) of Ga., objected.

Mr. Fitch moved a suspension of the rules; but two-thirds did not vote for it.

THE HUNGARIAN FUND.

A meeting was held in New York on the 15th, at which the following resolution was passed, on motion of HORACE GREELEY:—

Resolved, That we respectfully but most earnestly request our fellow citizens throughout the Union, to assemble at the earliest practicable day, in their several cities, towns and villages, and organize Committees to co-operate with us in the good work of extending pecuniary aid to Governor Kossuth and the patriots of Hungary.

The following gentlemen were chosen as the Finance Committee for New York, to take charge of the contributions forwarded:

George Newbold, Shepherd Knapp, Moses H. Grinnell, Robert Emmet, Wm. H. Aspinwall, Stewart Brown, John J. Palmer.

An Executive Committee of sixty leading citizens, the Mayor's name heading the list, was appointed, and the following officers selected from its members:

City—Simeon Draper.

Vice Chairmen—Theodore Sedgwick, Oscar W. Stuyvesant.

Secretaries—H. J. Raymond, John Cochran, R. L. Kennedy.

Sub-Executive Committee—John W. Edmonds, C. C. Butler, James P. Ring, C. M. Leupp, Jacob Harvey.

Committee on Public Entertainments—Ambrose C. Kingsland, James T. Storer, James Kelly.

Committee of Correspondence—Geo. Bancroft, John Van Buren, J. H. Gourlie, G. W. Blunt, H. J. Raymond.

Five subscriptions of $1600 each are already acknowledged, and $1,200 he ides.

Kicking in the Traces!

The Monroe *Sentinel*, "*req. dem.*" does not feel disposed to submit to the trickery by which the vote of this state at the Baltimore Convention next summer was handed over to General Cass. It thus speaks of the "mysterious influences" set at work by the "party mesmerizers to bring about the result:

Of the nature of these influences and their peculiar operation we may speak more fully at another time,—but their *immediate* effect was the appointment of Cass and Foote delegates to the National Convention, when it is known that either the great Michigander, or the ingenious little Mississippian would be almost the *last* choice of the *masses* of Wisconsin.

The dear people begin to perceive that they were sold by their *servants* in the Madison Convention, and many were casting about for a remedy. They also perceive that Douglass, the universal favorite of the North West, and General Dodge, whom we might almost call the Father of Wisconsin, were thrown out of a Wisconsin Convention, and "dis-pitefully used," while the arch enemy of western improvements became the *protege* p. d!

RICH DIGGINGS.—A correspondent of the Galena *Advertiser*, writing from Shullsburg, Lafayette County, in this State, under date of December 20th, gives very glowing accounts of the success of the Miners in the Lead Diggings thereabouts. This correspondent says that Messrs. DAVENPORT & Co. and E. WEATHERBEE & Co. have each raised about 15,000 lbs. per week since 1st March; that Mr. R. PEASLEY is taking out about 50,000 lbs. weekly, and has realized $30,-000 from his lead since Spring, that Messrs. PAYNE & MELOY have taken out "over 500,000 lbs. in the last four months," and are now raising 100,000 lbs. weekly; and concludes thus:

Now, are the above named persons the only ones that "are doing well" in this vicinity. Mr. Joseph Hardy, Milton Cain, Edward S. Lewis, Michael Starin, Francis Gregor, Michael Quin, John Hardy, G. P. Simmons, and a dozen others, have very good diggins, and are taking out respectively from 3,000 to 10,000 lbs. weekly. Every miner that works, (and where is the miner that is not a working man?) is making from $1,50 to $10 per day by the year round. The miners are doing better now than at any time heretofore since their discovery. The effect this yield of mineral has upon our community I leave you to imagine. This much I can say, however, that in a population of over 2,000, we have but three paupers, and they are *non residents*.

Yours, &c., A SUBSCRIBER.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.—The Northwestern counties of Virginia, comparatively free from Slavery, have done well at the recent election. The same counties that last year sent but one Whig member to the Senate and three to the House, this year have elected four Whig Senators and thirteen members of the House.

☞ "THE NORTHERN REPUBLIC."—This is the name of the new whig paper just started at Fort Winnebago, Columbia Co, by W. W. NOYES. It is a sheet of good size, and very creditable appearance, and bids fair to be an efficient co-worker in the good old Whig cause. We hope that it will receive a prompt and hearty support.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAIL ROAD.—We learn from the Chicago *Democrat*, that Capt. GEORGE M. GRAY, well known to many of our citizens, has been appointed Agent for the Southern Michigan R. R. Company, in Chicago. The selection strikes us as a very fortunate one.

THE COLD AND STORM.—The Chillicothe Gazette records the mercury at 10 below zero, and the Columbus Journal 15 on Tuesday, Dec. 15th. At Buffalo a terrific gale prevailed, snow fell to the depth of two feet and was terribly drifted. At Pittsburgh Dec. 17th, weather extremely cold and navigation closed.

FIRE AT GENEVA.—A despatch dated Utica, Dec. 15th, announces a fire at Geneva the day previous, destroying the Franklin House, and other buildings, including the Post Office. There is some obscurity in the account, and we hope that the loss may not prove so severe as represented.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. E. H. Corwith, of Galena, was thrown out of a cutter near the Dells of the Wisconsin river, week before last, and had his thigh broken.

Proceedings of the Common Council.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Reported for the Sentinel.

FRIDAY, Dec. 26th, 1851.

His Honor, Mayor Walker, in the chair.

Clerk called the roll.

Present—Ald. Johnson, Daggett, Jung, Comstock, Randall, McCormick, Cordes, Hackett, Weis, Plankinton, and Tesch.

Absent—Biebrich, Sweet, Wunderly, and Dousman.

The Journal was not written up.

Sundry accounts from the Wards were presented and properly referred.

Resolutions were introduced in proper form to pave Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, being the west half of Block 10, in 1st Ward, to enlarge Market Square. Referred to local committee of 1st ward.

Also a proposal to build a new hay scale in said square for $200. Referred to same.

Also a letter from builder of hose carriage, asking for pay. Referred to committee on Fire Department.

Also, a communication from J. Lockwood, announcing that he has purchased the land and buildings, and will go on with the Gas Works early next season. A resolution was presented accepting the work so far done, as a commencement of a fulfillment of the contract. Adopted.

Ald. Johnson read a petition for the refunding of the license money, signed by numerous citizens.

Also a letter from Jas. H. Paine, Esq., as attorney of certain citizens, remonstrating that they would hold the Aldermen individually liable for the money paid out.

Ald. Johnson also presented a formal note from himself to the Mayor, announcing the above motives, and bringing the subject before the Board.

Ald. Plankinton moved to reconsider the vote by which the resolution passed.

Ald. Daggett moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table.

His Honor stated that if the motion carried, the whole question would lay on the table.

The question was put and resulted:

Ayes—Ald. Johnson, Daggett, Comstock, Randall, Hackett, West, Plankinton, Tesch.

Noes—Ald. Jung, McCormick, Cordes.

And the whole subject was laid upon the table.

The presentation of accounts was continued.

Reports.

Ald. Daggett, from Committee on Finance, reported to back taxes overpaid amounting in the whole to $335,11. Adopted.

Ald. Comstock, from Fire Department Committee, in favor paying certain accounts. Adopted.

Also adverse to paying account of Button and Sexton for refreshments furnished to firemen.

The Mayor stated that he had coincided with the Chief Engineer in ordering these refreshments.

Ald. Daggett hoped that the bill would be paid.

On motion of Ald. McCormick the report was amended and the bill allowed.

From same Committee, a report to pay Hose Company an amount issued to a person representing himself as authorized by the Company to receive it.

The Clerk made a statement as to the circumstances in the case, showing that he issued the orders in good faith; and the warrants was directed to be made to the company.

Ald. Johnson, from Almshouse Com., presented a communication with reference to the suffering condition of the poor for want of firewood.—He offered a resolution requesting the Superintendent of the poor to provide for them, and proceeding to support him in the proper action. Carried.

Bridge Committee reported on certain accounts. Passed by all except the 2d Ward.

Ald. Daggett, from Special Committee on Hydraulics, reported the form of a contract with A. B. Fatten & Co., of Cincinnati, to build waterworks. The latter are to have exclusive privilege of building and furnishing water for 30 years. The city to purchase the works at the end of the term, at their appraised value; if not, the contract to run 10 years further. The Company to commence work within 1 year, and complete in two years. Water for fire department to be free, and a full supply for all private and public wants furnished.

Ald. Johnson opposed the ratification of the contract because of the length of the term, and no want of specific price for water.

The report was laid on the table.

Sundry accounts were allowed from the several cards, on reports from the local committees.

Ald. Johnson presented a resolution to appoint a committee to procure an assignment of the Railroad Bonds, in the hands of the city.—Adopted, and Ald. Johnson, Randall and Plankinton appointed as the committee.

Ald. West reported an ordinance to regulate the rate of 8th Street, at its intersection with Sycamore-st. Read first and second times, and laid over.

Ald. Daggett offered a resolution directing the Treasurer to receive payment for taxes on such portions of lots or improvements as the owners may clearly define. The resolution was laid after discussion—Ayes 2, Noes 9.

A resolution was carried forbidding the street inspectors to enter into any contracts without the consent of two of the Aldermen of their respective wards.

A resolution directing Third Ward Sewer orders to be received in payment of Sewer taxes.—Carried.

A resolution directing the attendance of marshal, deputy marshals, constables and Street inspectors at fires, was passed.

Ald. Johnson suggested the appointment of a deputy marshal to carry out the license law. He said it was reported that the Marshal was personally interested in the matter, and he moved that such a deputy be appointed to act in this matter.

It was stated that the Mayor has no power to appoint a deputy. Ald. Johnson moved that the Council request the Marshal to appoint Timothy O'Brien as such deputy, and the Marshal consented.

Ald. McCormick and Randall urged some definite action with regard to carrying out the license law. The latter suggested that complaints might be taken before justices in the towns. He pledged himself that if any of those who complain that, while they have paid license, others are selling without, would make complaints to him in any specific case, he would aid his aid, and so would, he believed, any other member of the board.

An ordinance vacating a certain street in the 4th Ward, was read a third time and passed.—Adjourned to Tuesday next.

DICKENS IN A DILEMMA.—Having stated in the original preface to Nicholas Nickleby, that the Brothers Cheryble, were portraits from the life, and that they yet exercised their unbounded benevolence in the town of which they were the pride and the honor, Dickens thus laments over the applications to which his statement has given rise:

"If I were to attempt to sum up the hundreds upon hundreds of letters from all sorts of people, in all sorts of latitudes and climates, to which the unlucky paragraph has since given rise, I should get into an arithmetical difficulty, from which I could not easily extricate myself. Suffice it to say that I believe the application for loans, gifts, and offers of profit that I have been requested to forward to the originals of the Brothers Cheryble, (with whom I never interchanged any communication in my life,) would have exhausted the combined patronage of all the lord chancellors since the accession of the House of Brunswick, and would have broken the rest of the Bank of England."

☞ THE BLACK SWAN has made a triumphant musical debut at Rochester. The *American* says:

"Hardly had her first notes fallen upon their ears, however, before their wonder and astonishment was manifest in an interchange of glances and words of approval, and the hearty applause that responded to the first verse she sang, was good evidence of the satisfaction she afforded."

ROCK ISLAND AND CHICAGO R. R.—John B. Jervis, late Engineer of the Hudson River Railroad, has been elected President, and A. C. Flagg, Treasurer, of the Rock Island Railroad.

THE LOST SCHOONER.—The schooner *Wing*, missing from Racine, has brought up in safety at Kalamazoo, Mich.

KOSSUTH'S SPEECH AT THE PRESS BANQUET.

New York papers of the 16th, received by private hand, contain full details of the great banquet given by the members of the N. Y. Press to the Governor of Hungary. We make room for a few extracts which will give an idea of the whole. Here and there his fine Oriental imagination exhibits itself to striking advantage. His tribute to our system of donation for funds for purposes of Education, and his allusion to the penny editor, the poet Bryant, are very beautiful:

GENTLEMEN—Believe it cordially to return my most warm thanks for the honor of the toast, and the high benefit of the sympathy manifested by this solemn and cordial reception, it is with mingled feelings of awe and fear that I address you, gentlemen. I address you with joy, because, convictions of the immensity of the power which you wield, it is natural to feel some awe in address ing those in whose hands the success or the failure of our hopes is placed. Still, I equally know that in your hands, gentlemen, the independent republican press is a weapon, but a weapon to defend truth and justice, and not to offend. It is no sworn to hide, to sacrifice to extinction the light, but a torch lit at the fire of immortality, a spark of which is of divine inheritance in every man's soul, to pave it all the more a torch which you wield lofitily as the organ of a people which you wield lofitily because it is opposed by that which you would enlighten. And as the cause of my country is the cause of justice and truth—so it has in me no fear to fear itself, but rather wants nothing but to see it secured to it the support and protection of every friend of freedom, of every unprejudiced man, the one the reasons why I address you with joy, gentlemen. The more with joy, because, though it is somewhat to see that liberty-killed misrepresentations are spread Austria intrigues, distorting plain, open history, to a it one of his hand and his, know how to find the r way even to a small, insignificant part of the American press—still I am proud and happy to see that the honest majority of the American press not only moved inaccessible to these venomous intrigues, but conscious of the noble vocation of an independent press, and yielding to the generous inspiration of freemen, of protecting truth and justice against the dark plots of tyranny, has, without any interference from any part, come forth to pronounce the sacred cause of Hungary. The intervening press of this great republic has in this very case at a proved to the world that even against the calculations power of calumnies, the most effective protection is the freedom of the press, and not preventive measures condemning human intellect to eternal minority.

I boldly declare, that beyond the United States there exists scarcely a practical freedom of the press—at least in Europe, not except, perhaps, Norway, of whose condition, in that respect, I am not quite aware. You know, gentlemen, how the press is fettered throughout the European continent; even, for the present, in France, which was a great nation, by a strange fate, was, under a nominally republican, but centralized government, all the choicest fruits of their great and victorious revolutions wasting between the blasting fingers of centralized administrative and legislative omnipotence. You know how the independent press of France is murdered by imprisoning their editors, and by fines; you know how the present government of France feels unable to bear the force of public opinion—so much that in the French republic the very legitimate shout of "*Vive la République!*" has almost become a crime. This very circumstance is sufficient to prove that in that glorious land where the warm and noble heart of the French nation throbs with self-confidence and noble pride, a new revolution is an unavoidable necessity.

It is a glorious thing to know that in this flourishing young city alone, where streets of splendid buildings proudly stand, where a new universe on the river spreads its waves, the plough tilled, nearly one hundred thousand inhabitants receive public education annually. Do you know, gentlemen, where I consider the most glorious monuments of your country? If it be so as I have read it or seen it is that, that when in the steps of your wanderings pioneers, your engineers go on to draw geometrical lines, even in the territories where the sound of a human step never yet has mixed with the noises by which virginal nature is adoring the Lord; in every place marked to become a town-ship, on every sixteenth square, you place a modest pole, with the glorious mark, "Popular Education."

Yes, gentlemen, it is a proud recollection of my life that I commenced my public career in the humble capacity of a journalist. And in that respect I may perhaps be somewhat entitled to your brotherly indulgence, as you, in the happy condition which the institutions of your country insure to you, can have not even an idea of the fortunes of a journalist who has to write with fettered hands, and who is more than fettered by the Association arbitrary power. Nevertheless, you have no idea what a delight nature it is to sit down to your writing desk, the breast full of the necessity of the moment, the heart full of rightful feelings, the mind full of convictions and of principles—and all this warmed by the lively fire of a patriot's heart—and to see before your eyes the success of the Cause ready to fill upon your hand, like the sword of Damocles, hanging your ideas, animating your arguments, murdering your thoughts, and his pencil before your eyes, ready to cut out, with a ruthless thought, the work of your laborious days and of your sleepless nights; and to know that the people will judge you, not by what you have felt, thought, and written, but by what the Censor wills; to know that the ground upon which you stand is not a ground known to you, because limited by rules, but an unknown slippery ground, the limits of which he but within the arbitrary pleasure of your Censor—doomed by profession to be stupid, and a coward, and a fool, to know all this, and yet not even as you destroy—nor to deny that you know to hold and to write but to go on, day by day, in the torturing work of self-deception. Oh! it is the greatest sacrifice which an intelligent man can make to fatherland and humanity! And this is the present condition of the Press, not in Hungary only, but in all countries cursed by Austrian rule.

Gentlemen, a considerable time ago there appeared in certain New York papers a systematic compound of the most foul calumnies, falsehoods and misrepresentations about the Hungarian cause going on for us with unexampled calmness, to state that we struggled for oppression, while it was the cursed Austrian dynasty which stood forth for liberty. Now, there is a degree of effrontery, the audacity of which becomes astonishing even to me, who have seen the unexampled treachery of the House of Russia, and become familiar with the old Roman maxim, "*ad miroris*," through my temperament-tossed life. We may be misrepresented, scorned, jeered, charged with faults; our martyrs the blood of whom cries for revenge, may be laughed at as fools; and even heroes, commanding the veneration of history, may be represented as Don Quixottes of tragi-comedy;—all this I could, I not bear, at least conceive. I have seen strange specimens of the aberrations of the human mind; but that, in the midst of the most wonderful sufferings, not even the honor of an unfortunate nation should be granted to some men, who enjoy the benefit of free institutions and profess to be republicans—that is too much! It is a sorrowful page in mankind's history. You can not, of course expect to see me, on this occasion, entering into a special refutation of this astonishing compound of calumnies. I will reserve it for my pen, so soon as I can have a free day for it. It will be very easy work, because all artificial compounds or misrepresentations must fall into dust before the dispassionate, plain statement of facts, the greatest part of which, I thankfully have to acknowledge are already not unknown to you.

What would become of this grand, mighty complex of your republic, should it ever be attacked in its very existence by the furious hands of the fanaticism of language? Where now she wander and walks among the rising temples of human happiness, she soon would tread upon the ruin of liberty, mourning over the fragility of human hopes. Happy art thou, free nation of America that thou hast founded thy house upon the only solid basis of a nation's liberty. Liberty! *a principle* steady like the world, eternal like the truth, and universal for every climate, for every time, like Providence. Thou hast not planted among thee to flame the apple of Eris in thy Union. That last no tyrants among thee to raise the fury of hatred in thy national family—hatred of nations, that curse of humanity, the venomous instrument of despotism. What a glorious sight it is to see the oppressed of so many different countries, different in language, history and habits, wandering to thy shores, and becoming members of thy great nation, regenerated by the principle of common liberty. Would I could do the same; but I can't because I for my native land love personally, boundlessly fervent. Yet I love it more than life, more than happiness; I love it more in its gloomy sufferings than I would in its proudest, happiest days. What makes a nation? Is it the language only? Then the Jews is no great, no powerful nation on earth, because there is no moderately large country in the world whose population is counted by millions, where you would not find several languages spoken—No! it is not language only which makes a nation. Community of interests, community of history, communities of rights and duties, but chief community of institutions of a population, which though perhaps different in tongue, and belonging to different races, is bound together by its daily intercourse in their towns the centres of their homely commerce and homely industry, the very mountain ranges and system of rivers and streams, the soil, the basis of which is mingled with the ashes of those ancestors who bled or died some field, for the same interest—their common inheritance of glory and of woe, the community of laws, the of institutions, the of common freedom; or common oppression—all this enters into the definition of a nation.

There are some who advocate the theory that existing countries must cease and the territories of the world be anew divided by languages, and nations segregated by tongues. You are aware that as this idea, if it were not impracticable, would be but a curse to humanity—a death blow to civilization and progress, and throw back mankind centuries—it were eternal source of strife to war, because there is a lady, almost religious to, by which many's heart to his home is bound, and no man ever would consent to abandon his native land only because his neighbors speak another language than he himself; and, by this reason, claims for him that sacred spot where the ashes of his fathers lie—where his own cradle stood—where he dreamed the happy dreams of youth, and where nature itself bears a mark of his manhood's laborious toil. The idea were worse than the old nation of nations was—despotism only would be out of the strife.

It is, therefore, the most calumnious misrepresentation, to say that the Hungarians struggled for the dismemberment of their own race. No! we struggled for civil, political, social and religious freedom common to all, against Austrian despotism. We struggled for the great principle of self-government against centralization; and, because centralization, absolutism. Yes, centralization is absolutism; it is inconsistent with constitutional rights. Austria has given the very proof of it—the House of Austria had never the slightest intention to grant constitutional life to the nations of Europe. I will prove it on another occasion. I hates constitutions as hell hates the salvation of human souls. But the friend of the Hapsburgers say it has granted a constitution—in March, 1849. Well, where is that constitution now? It was so only never executed, but it was, three months ago, formally withdrawn. Even the word ministry is blotted out from the dictionary of the Austrian government. Steinzeuber resignain House, Count and State Chancellor, as Metternich was; only Metternich ruled, not with the iron rule of martial law over the whole empire or Austria—Schwarzenberg does. Metternich encroached upon the constitutional rights of Hungary, Transylvania, Croatia and Sclavonia. Swarzenberg has abolished them, and the young Nero, Francis Joseph, melted all nations together in a common bondage, where the promised equality of nationalities is carried out most literally, to be sure, because they are all equally oppressed, and are all equally ruled, by absolutistical principles, in the German language.

Gentlemen, the generous sympathy of the public opinion of the United States—God be blessed for it!—is strongly aroused to the wrongs and sufferings of Hungary. My humble task in that respect is done. Now I look for your generous aid to keep that generous sympathy alive, that it may not subside like the passing emotion of the heart. I look for your generous aid to urge the formation of societies, to collect funds and to create a loan. I look for your generous aid to urge the public opinion of the sovereign people of the United States, to pronounce in favor of the humble propositions which I had the honor to express at the Corporation Banquet of the City of New York, until the resolutions of the people succeed to impress the favorable impression to the people of the United States. In this respect I beg leave one single remark to make. In speaking of the principle of non-admission to any interference in any country's domestic concerns, I took the liberty to express my humble wish that Great Britain should within this protective policy. The reason is, because I take the present French Government for one of the oppressors—it has interfered, and continues to interfere in Rome. But the French nation I take for one of the oppressed. The French nation will do the same as Hungary, Italy and Germany. The alliance of the French nation is insured by its successful principles, if the republic becomes a reality. The decisive question is what the natural powers will be—and these are Great Britain and the United States. Let me hope, gentlemen, that however low I have fallen in your expectations by this my humble address, which, though sketched down, by want of time, elaborate; still following the generous impulse of your republican hearts, and considering not the humerit of my humble self but the merit of the cause which I plead, you will accord me that protective aid of the free, independent press upon which rest, for the greater part, the hopes of my nation and those of oppressed humanity. And if your generosity should me that protective aid, I will yet see fulfilled, in your own country's cause, those noble words which you, sir, (to the Chairman,) from that height where the genius of poetry soars, have told your people, which so likes to listen to the noble inspirations of its Bryant:

Truth crushed to earth shall rise again,
The eternal years of God are hers;
But error, wounded, writhes in pain,
And dies among its worshippers.

Let me add, sir, with——his worshippers

City Matters.

ANOTHER FIRE.—Shortly after midnight Wednesday, the alarm of Fire was sounded for the Fourth Ward. It proceeded from the Cabinet Ware Room of Mr. S. C. NEWHALL, on West Water Street, half-a-block north of the Methodist Church. The flames had full possession of the premises by the time the Fire Department arrived upon the ground, but they were prevented from spreading any further. The building, which belonged to Mr. JOHN KNEELAND, was entirely destroyed, as was most of the furniture stored in it. There was no insurance on stock, or building. The adjoining tenements, on the North and South, were somewhat scorched, but not materially injured. Mr. NEWHALL'S loss must be over $1600. The fire is supposed to have been set by design. Where is the Night Police?

THE LICENSES.—It will be seen that the Common Council yesterday took such action in this matter as to suspend for the present the issuing of orders in repayment of license money. This will satisfy the taxpayers who have protested. In addition, the Board directed Deputy Marshal O'Brien, appointed by the Marshal at their suggestion, to proceed to enforce the law at once. If this be done, those who have paid their licenses will have no further cause of complaint.

The record shows that other things of considerable interest were attended to.

OREGON COMPANY'S BALL.—The Ball of Engine Company No. 3, on Christmas Eve, was one of the pleasantest parties of the season; well managed, well attended, and highly enjoyed—The Supper, by GOSS, was substantial and abundant, and HESS' Band discoursed excellent music. One feature of the entertainment, not in the bill, was the fire in NEWHALL'S Cabinet Shop, shortly after midnight. This interrupted the Ball for a short time, and some of the ladies, who could'nt spare their partners long enough to go to the fire, insisted, if they *must* go, upon accompanying them, and so they did. Of course, the fire was hustled out in short order, and the dancing resumed.

SWIFT TELEGRAPHS AND SLOW MAILS.—The Steamship *Canada*, from Liverpool, arrived at Halifax, nearly two thousand miles (by the wires) from this city, at noon *yesterday*, and in *three* hours thereafter, her news was received at Speed's Telegraph office in this city, to which we are indebted for our first report. We obtained the same intelligence by the O'Reilly line, at the regular hour for our evening reports. It is a remarkable fact that we have by the *Canada, two days later news from Liverpool than the mails have yet been at from New York!* The latest Liverpool date is Dec. 13th, and our latest New York date, by mail, Dec. 11th, two days older! Yet Liverpool is three thousand miles further off than New York.

THEATRE.—There was a full house at the Theatre, Christmas night, and the performances went off with great spirit. The little Bailey's were, as usual, warmly applauded in their different dances and the whole company acquitted themselves very cleverly. In the Pantomime of "Don Juan," STOKES, who played the part of "Scaramouch," surprised and delighted the audience by his spirited performance. He was, as he deserved to be, heartily applauded. Mr. HANN, the Stage Manager, deserves great credit, not only for his own share in the performances, but for his indefatigable efforts to cater to the public amusement. He offers another very attractive bill for to-night.

EXCELSIOR FESTIVAL.—The Excelsiors hold their Sixth Annual Festival at BELDEN'S, on New-Years' Eve. It will be seen from the notice that the number of tickets is *limited*, so that those who wish to attend must apply early to secure seats. It is currently reported that BELDEN intends, on this auspicious occasion, to "set a pattern" in the way of such entertainments.

☞ The attention of old settlers, legislators and others, who may be supposed to take an interest in the "ancient records" of Wisconsin, is invited to the advertisement of Mr. A. V. FEYER, in this morning's paper.

YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION.—We are requested to state that the Association wishes all books belonging to its Library to be returned by this evening, preparatory to getting up a new catalogue.

KOSSUTH MEETING.—This meeting, for which preparations have been making for some time past, is to be held this evening, at 7 o'clock, at the Market House. The following are to be the officers, according to the programme laid out:

President—George H. Walker

Vice Presidents—Dr. James Johnson and Dr. F. Jung.

Secretaries—Alfred Johnson and Dr. G. Aigner.

Messrs. A. D. SMITH, N. KREER, E. G. RYAN, A. W. RANDALL, Dr. HERRESCHMIDT and others are expected to speak.

A GOOD DAY'S WORK.—Our fellow citizen, Mr. GARRY BOYD, (of the firm of BOYD & LENNARD) left town about 8 o'clock Thursday evening, with a couple of friends; drove out ten miles, and put up for the night, and started out at dawn, yesterday morning, hunting deer. At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, he was back again in town, with two fine, fat deer, which he shot almost at the same instant, with the right and left barrels of his gun. Fair day's wages for a fair day's work!

ACQUITTED.—Mr. DAY, who was arrested and committed a few days ago, on charge of having forged 4th Ward Orders, was arraigned before Justice Walworth for trial, on Wednesday last, and after an examination, was acquitted, the evidence against him being entirely insufficient to convict him.—*Free Democrat.*

SNOW.—Christmas brought us about two or three inches of snow, which falling on the frozen ground, makes good sleighing for Cutters. Two or three inches more would make capital sleighing for all sorts of teams, and add materially to the winter's business.

TOBACCO CULTURE.—We are informed that a Mr. Lilly of Springvale, in this county, raised some *two tons of tobacco* last summer. This crop will yield him a better reward for his labor than most grain farmers raise.—*Fond du Lac Journal.*

STOPPED.—Last week, in consequence of the cold weather, the steam saw Mills of this place stopped operations.—*Ib.*

EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—The work on this building is progressing rapidly. It is enclosed, the floor laid, and chimneys built.—*Ib.*

METHODIST CHURCH.—This building is enclosed, and the cupola begins to overlook our village.—This structure reflects credit on the society and citizens who have given their monies to the enterprise.—*Ib.*

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VOLUME VII. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL. NEW SERIES.

DAILY SENTINEL.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported for the Daily Sentinel.

BY SPEED'S LINE.

Arrival of the

CANADA.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

HALIFAX, Dec 26—12 P. M.

The *Canada* has just arrived.

She reports no change in Cotton—Sales of the week 32,000 bales.

Flour dull and 6d lower.

Corn firm and active.

Provisions unchanged

FRANCE.

France remains quiet. But few indications of striking importance. Several additional Departments have been placed in a state of siege. Large numbers of the Montain (or Red) Republicans have fled the country.

The steamship *Asia* was seen on the 17th at sea. The *Canada* brings 40 passengers. She experienced very severe weather on her voyage.

BY THE O'REILLY LINE.

HALIFAX, Dec 26, 1-54.

The Royal Mail Steamer *Canada* arrived this morning, with 32 passengers for Boston, and 140 for Halifax. She left Liverpool on the 13th, having been detained beyond the hour of departure by a dense fog. After the third day out, she experienced a constant succession of calms and squalls, and very high seas.

At 8 o'clock A. M. on the 17th, she saw the steamship *Asia* from Boston, bound for Liverpool. No American steamer had arrived at Liverpool, subsequent to the departure of the *Baltic* on the 10th.

French Affairs—Liverpool Market.

(Same as reported by Speed's Line.)

Washington, Dec 26.

The following communication was appointed on Bounty Land Bill:

Messrs. Dunham, and Stephens of Geo., Harris of Tenn., Tuck and Bissell.

The speaker laid before the House a communication from the Librarian of Congress, stating the loss of the Library and its contents by fire, in a manner unaccountable to him, as no fire had been in the apartment in a long period, nor lights during the time it had been in his charge. The loss of books is about 35,000 volumes—20,000 having been saved in an adjoining room. The Librarian expressed the hope that a searching investigation would be made as to the cause of the fire, so that a like calamity might be in future avoided.

Mr. Stanton of Ky., by unanimous consent, introduced a resolution that the Joint Committee on Public Buildings be instructed to inquire into the origin of the fire; whether it was in consequence of the negligence of the officers of government, or members of either or both houses of Congress—whether the fire was caused by the furnace, or fires, or by incendiaries; also as to the extent of injury to the building, and the best mode of reconstruction, so as to guard against a similar destruction.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 26.

Ashes—no change. $4.47½@4.92 for pearls, and 5.62½@5.66 for pots.

Flour—Sales 2000 bbls. Ordinary to choice, and good common Ohio 4.50@4.62½; mixed and fancy western, with favorite round hoop Ohio, 4.56@4.68; Canada not so plenty, at 4.31@4.37, for No. 1 superfine in bond. Rye flour steady at 3.50. Corn Meal quiet at 3.25 for Jersey and 3.37 for Brandywine.

Grain.—Wheat still firmer; not freely offered Milling and shipping inquiry more than arrivals, and gives market an upward tendency. Sales of 2600 bus. Southern at $1 08; Corn, very sparingly offered; market improving. Holders of Western ask 66@67; for prime Southern white, 68@69 with sales. Oats in less request at 41@42 for Western and 47@48½ for Northern.

Provisions—Pork without change in price, but less active. $15 00@15 25 for prime, $17 50@18 00 for mess. Dead hogs less sought after at 6@6¼. Beef very quiet at 8c. Lard scarce and firm at 9@9½. Beef, no change—$5 25@5 50.

Whiskey inactive at 21½ for Drudge, and 22¾ for prison.

The Revolution in Mexico.

New Orleans, Dec. 23.

By the receipt of Brazoville (Texas) papers to the 20 instant we learn that the Revolutionists in Northern Mexico had commenced the struggle against the General Government. Gen. Caravajal had attacked the Mexican General, Urrguy, who had fortified himself in Cerala. After two days hard fighting Caravajal took nearly the whole town and drove the Mexicans to a fortified house where they were completely penned up—all the powder and other munitions of war were taken by Caravajal; who had but ten killed, including Lt. Graham and Captain Chive. Capt. Wheat was severely wounded. The loss of the Mexicans was very great, including all the Seminole Indians and their leader.

The latest accounts state that Gen. Caravajal was about to attack the Mexicans in their last position. If successful he would enter Monterey without opposition.

Kossuth in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.

Kossuth is better of his fever, but kept his bed most of the day, refusing to see, or communicate with any delegations. He has had an interview with Maj. Jenkins, of Baltimore, and has declined a public reception. The excitement is increasing. The Torch-light procession which visited Kossuth at his quarters at 9 o'clock, was composed of members of the Philadelphia Fire Department.

Fifteen hundred torchlights illuminated the scene, and the procession contained over 5000 persons.

The band played several American and Hungarian airs. Chorus's from the German Musical Society sung several songs in capital style. The enthusiasm was immense. Kossuth did not appear, on account of the storm.

A delegation from Harrisburg waited on Kossuth, inviting him to visit that city. In reply to them, among other things he said, that during the Hungarian struggle an agent was sent into Hungary, to ascertain the true state of affairs, and had that agent, when he found Hungary in a condition to assert and maintain her independence, against Austria, acknowledged her independence in the name of the United States, it would have warmed the Russian despot how far the United States would have sustained the principle of non-intervention in the concerns of another nation. He continued to speak of the danger of delay of the People of the U. S. in giving their decision in the matter.

DETROIT, Dec 25—9 A. M.

FIRE AT DETROIT.—A fire broke out in the Book Store of W. H. Graham about 11 o'clock, and together with water from the Engines, destroyed or damaged seriously the entire stock of books. The damage to the building is not great. The fire was caused by wood being placed too near the stove. The books were partly saved.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26th.

The steamer *Niagara* sailed this P. M. for Havana and Charleston, with 500 passengers.

A letter from Gensoulated Nov. 4th, states that the frigate *Independence* will probably winter at Naples, where apprehensions are felt of an outbreak before spring, when her presence will be important to Americans residing there.

The Charleston *Courier* publishes a private letter from Mr. Barringer, our Minister to Spain; in which he says that the insult to the Spanish Consul at New Orleans was greatly condemned.

From Mexico—The Battle.

New Orleans, Dec. 24.

Accounts from the Rio Grande represent that the engagement between Caravajal and Gen. Jamegay was of the most desperate and bloody kind, and that the latter had retreated to Comlo, 50 miles distant, where the Government troops were completely routed.

Caravajal occupied the town.

Boston, Dec. 26.

The extensive Glass works of B. F. Kane were destroyed by fire this morning.

Mr. Kane's loss is $20,000—no insurance.

Mr. Kane's loss in a warehouse, $8000. Some 300 men have been thrown out of employment.

Great Fire in Flint—Loss $80,000.

Flint, Mich, Dec. 22—9 A. M.

Our village has been visited by one of the most appalling and devastating fires, which has entered with its sweeping presence the West, for years.

At 12 o'clock on Saturday night our citizens were alarmed by the sudden bursting out of a volume of flame from the centre of our most valuable and populous block, owned and occupied by our principal business men with heavy Fall stocks. The entire Block from and including J. B. Walker's store to the margin of the river is a mass of smoking blackened ruins. Owing to the extreme combustibility of the material and the fact of there being no engine in the place, but comparatively a small portion of the stored goods were saved.

A fair estimate cannot place the loss at less than $50,000. The insurance cannot, in the confusion and dismay be computed; and the loss from this will be likely to prove rather over than under the estimate. The names of the principal sufferers are appended below:

J. B. Walker, dry goods store; heavy stock; loss unknown.

W. T. Crossman, jewelry store; very valuable stock.

L. Wessons, drug store, containing his Fall instalment of drugs and medicines.

A. P. Crossman, dry goods and variety store.

P. O. mails and letters saved.

E. T. Fray, grocery.

T. V. Rogers & Co. dry goods.

John Parish; dry goods; fair full stocks.

J. B. Wing & Co. Clothing store.

Barker & Patterson, shoe store.

James McAllister, carriage factory.

J. P. Smith, meat market.

Miller & Co., cabinet ware rooms.

R. D. Lammods, bookstore and residence.

O. H. Bells, cabinet manufactory.

W. Morris, drugs and groceries.

M. Morris, Hardware store.

River House Hotel—together with a number of offices and several dwellings. The community are appalled, and some time will elapse before the loss will be replaced.

Correspondence of the Green Bay Advocate.

A New Era in the Fox River Improvement.

Neenah, Dec, 13th.

Mr. Editor:

It will be gratifying to those really interested in the Fox River Improvement, to learn that the lock at Neenah is now completed. It has been fully tested and works admirably. The steamboat *Fox, Next Burton* passed through this lock a few days since, and several rafts of hewn timber for the public works below have been locked through. This lock is doubtless the best in the State—no expense or labor having been spared to make it, in all its parts, of the most substantial and permanent character. With a little additional expense in removing the bolders from the channel below, steamboats and barges can readily pass from the Grand Chute to any point on the lake or river above. There is now 3½ feet of water in the channel below. Steamboats and barges can now

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAPSCOTT & CO'S
General Emigration and Foreign Exchange AGENCY.

NEW-YORK: W. & J. T. Tapscott & Co., 26 SOUTH STREET. LIVERPOOL: W. Tapscott & Co., 47 GEORGE'S BUILDINGS.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR 1851.

As the season for emigration to approach, we beg leave to acquaint our friends and the public with our Arrangements for the year 1851, and thank them for the liberal support they have given us during the past year, and for the confidence they have reposed in us for conducting the Emigration business; and also we beg leave to inform them that we have added to our Establishment in Liverpool a Branch Office in the Welsh district, for the accommodation of Welsh emigrants, for conducting the business of which we have to thank a discerning public for their continued patronage.

Since the commencement of last year a large number of magnificent ship-class Packets have been added to the various regular lines of packets in which we are the agents, several of them for which we are the sole agents, all of which fitted up in a manner and style unsurpassed by any other packets in the trade, and for the regularity of sailing, comfort and safety of passengers not surpassed by any.

By the following list of Packets, and their dates of sailing, it will be seen that packets sail from Liverpool to and from Liverpool—four to and from Londonderry, and four to and from Glasgow—to suit parties for their Friends, or those proceeding to the United States, will perceive it much to according to the time they wish to leave, and by addressing their letters to our Agents at our offices, and as their letters to us, our business at Liverpool will be under the personal care and attention of our Mr. W. TAPSCOTT—whose name and experience among emigrants and passengers and striking by well known and extensive business connections in Liverpool, can but be worth to them the full reputation among the emigrating public.

LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

SWALLOW-TAIL LINE:
Sail from New York on the 5th and 20th, and from Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of every month.

Queen of the West,	1750 Tons,	Capt. Britton.	
Constellation,	2000	"	Haller.
Liverpool,	1450	"	Eldridge.
Ashburton,	1250	"	M'Williams.
New World,	1400	"	Knight.
Albert Gallatin,	2000	"	Delano.
Isaac Webb,	2000	"	
Constellation,	2000	"	R. Bunting.

NEW LINE:
Sail from N. York 20th—Liverpool 11th every month.

Roscius,	1350 Tons,	Capt. Bragg.	
Sheridan,	1200	"	Howes.
Garrick,	1200	"	Adams.
Henry Clay,	1500	"	French.

RED STAR LINE:
Sail from N York 11th from Liverpool 20th every month.

Constellation,	2000 Tons,	Capt. Allen.	
Waterloo,	1200	"	Harvey.
West Point,	1200	"	Allen.
Underwriter,	2000	"	Ridgley.

THE GLASGOW LINE OF PACKETS:
Sail twice a month from Liverpool and New York.

Ayrshire,	1750 Tons,	Capt. John Zerega.	
J. Z.,	1050	"	Alter Zerega.
E. Z.,	1050	"	Hawthorne.
Centurion,	1750	"	Counties.
Antarctic,	1050	"	Rickers.
A. Z.,	1050	"	Chandler.
Jas. H. Shepherd,	1100	"	Ainsworth.
New Hampshire,	1000	"	Chase.

During the past year our Old reputed House have dispatched, in addition to the above extensive list of packets, that, in addition to the above extensive list of packets, that, as is well known, ships, as it is to order to meet the wants of the emigrating public they will continue to select such other first class vessels as may be required during the year 1851—viz:

John Hancock, Danube, Anna Tift, Emigrant, Ocean, Mary Ward, John Currier, Ellen Ann, Hercules, Acorn, Canada, Indiana, Electric, Medora, Oregon, John M'Kenzie, Isabella, Jane, Robert Kerr, Caroline Neapolis, Charles Hodgett, Olive Branch, Rescue, Caroline Neapolis, Charles Chaloner, Hungarian, Rapid, Minnesota, Emma Fields, William Patten, Science, John H. Hoey, Thalestris, Onward, Coral, Lima, St. Louis, &c. &c.

THE LONDON LINE OF PACKETS.

Sail from New York on the 1st, 9th, 16th, and 24th, and from London on the 8th 16th, 24th, and 30th of every month, and comprise a line of following first class ships:

Brooklyn,	Adam Carr,	Sarah,	
Europe,	Sir Wm. Molesworth,	Elizabeth,	
Anne Hartley,	Mount Stuart Elphinstone,		

Persons residing in the United States or Canada, who wish to send for their friends in any part of England, are invited to call at the office of the undersigned, where every information for which we are the sole agents, a manner and style unsurpassed by any other packets in the trade, and their dates of sailing, &c., &c., may be learned. Drafts are granted for the payment of any sum, from £1 sterling upwards, payable at sight at any of the principal places in England, Ireland and Scotland.

Persons residing in the United States or Canada, who wish to send for their friends in any part of England, Ireland or Scotland, can procure Tickets from us, or by letter addressed to us, at the lowest rates, and have them forwarded to any part of the country they may direct, by the most expeditious and economical route.

Parties residing in the old country, who may wish to send for their friends, can have Tickets forwarded to them by applying to us personally, or by letter, addressed to us, at the lowest rates, and have them forwarded to any part of the country they may direct, by the most expeditious and economical route.

Persons coming to the Agency, with their friends, can be accommodated with Berths in the Ships, and their Luggage received on board free of charge.

Persons residing in the United States or Canada, who wish to send for their friends in any part of England, Ireland or Scotland, can procure Tickets from us, or by letter addressed to us, at the lowest rates, and have them forwarded to any part of the country they may direct, by the most expeditious and economical route.

Parties residing in the old country, who may wish to send for their friends, can have Tickets forwarded to them by applying to us personally, or by letter, addressed to us, at the lowest rates, and have them forwarded to any part of the country they may direct, by the most expeditious and economical route.

Persons coming to the Agency, with their friends, can be accommodated with Berths in the Ships, and their Luggage received on board free of charge.

The Clyde Line of Glasgow Packets

Sail from New York and Glasgow on the 1st and 15th of each month, and comprise a line of following first class ships:

Brooklyn,	Adam Carr,	Sarah,	
Europe,	Sir Wm. Molesworth,	Elizabeth,	
Anne Hartley,	Mount Stuart Elphinstone,		

Persons residing in the United States or Canada, who wish to send for their friends in any part of England, Ireland or Scotland, can procure Tickets from us, or by letter addressed to us, at the lowest rates, and have them forwarded to any part of the country they may direct, by the most expeditious and economical route.

Parties residing in the old country, who may wish to send for their friends, can have Tickets forwarded to them by applying to us personally, or by letter, addressed to us, at the lowest rates, and have them forwarded to any part of the country they may direct, by the most expeditious and economical route.

Persons coming to the Agency, with their friends, can be accommodated with Berths in the Ships, and their Luggage received on board free of charge.

Drafts and Bills of Exchange.

Drafts can at all times be obtained at our offices, for large or small amounts, on all the principal places in England, Ireland and Scotland, for any amount, from £1 sterling, payable at sight, without discount or any other charges; also Drafts on Messrs. W. Tapscott & Co., Liverpool, and on Messrs. Denison, Prescott & Co., London, payable at sight at their offices, Cornhill, Lombard, Threadneedle and Gracechurch streets, London, and Wales.

TO EMIGRANTS FOR THE FAR WEST.

Having the most extended arrangements for conveying passengers from New York to the Far West, at any hour passengers from New York to the Far West, at any hour in the Trade, we are enabled to offer them the most desirable routes, viz: Albany & Buffalo Railroad, Canal, or steamboat, at private rates, as low as are usually paid for the worst possible conveyance, as low as are usually paid for the worst possible conveyance, and with a certainty of their not being subjected to any delay or annoyance, never experienced by emigrants. Passengers with full descriptions of all the routes, with rates of fare for any description of the American continent—including California—given on the American continent—including California—given on application, and to all parties given on application, and to all parties desirous to book, addressed to either personally or by letter, addressed to

W. & J. T. TAPSCOTT & CO., 26 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK.

JOHN McEWEN, No. 9, Michigan-st., Milwaukee.

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GUN POWDER,
From the far-famed
MANUFACTORY OF THE MESSRS. DUPONT,
Always superior to any other manufactured in the United States.

The subscriber is now offering the following description of
DUPONT'S POWDER,
At reduced prices.

Fresh kegs,	FFFG 25 lbs each.
Fresh half kegs,	FFFG 12½ lbs "
Fresh quarter kegs,	FFFG 6¼ lbs "
Fresh kegs,	FFG 25 lbs "
Fresh half kegs,	FFG 12½ lbs "
Fresh kegs,	FG 25 lbs "
2000 kegs Rough Powder,	FFFG 25 lbs "
Fresh kegs,	FFF 25 lbs "
Fresh kegs,	FFF 25 lbs "
Fresh kegs,	FFF